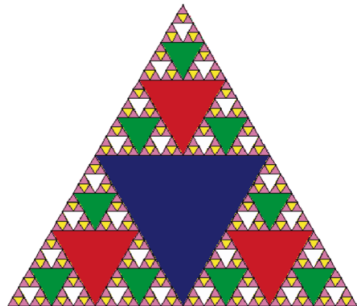


MPM2D: Principles of Mathematics

Properties of Similar Triangles

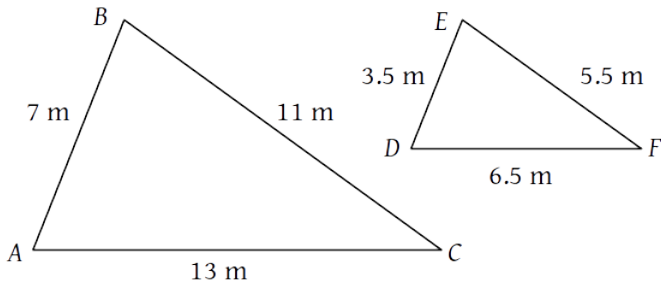
J. Garvin



Solving Proportions

Recap

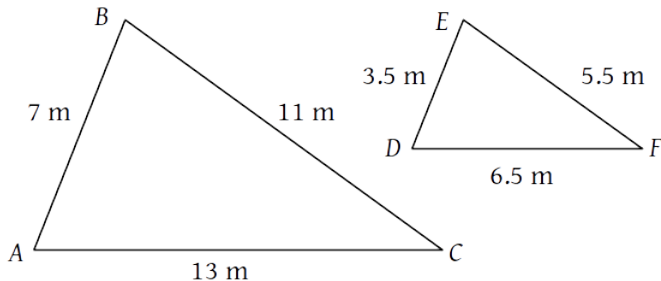
Explain why $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle DEF$.



Solving Proportions

Recap

Explain why $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle DEF$.



Each side in $\triangle ABC$ is twice as long as that in $\triangle DEF$.
Therefore, $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle DEF$ by $SSS\sim$.

Solving Proportions

Since the ratios of any two corresponding sides of two similar triangles are equal, we can use these ratios to solve for the values of unknown sides.

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If we know the ratio $\frac{|AB|}{|DE|}$, and we know one of $|AC|$ or $|DF|$, then we can solve for the other value using the proportion $\frac{|AB|}{|DE|} = \frac{|AC|}{|DF|}$.

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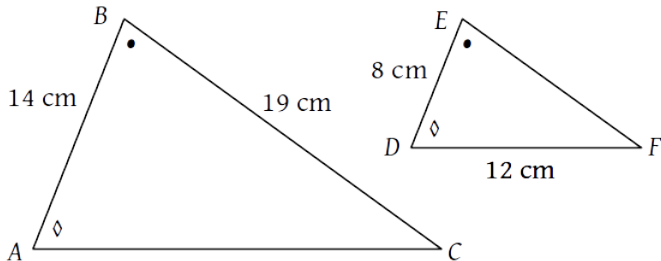
If we know the ratio $\frac{|AB|}{|DE|}$, and we know one of $|AC|$ or $|DF|$, then we can solve for the other value using the proportion $\frac{|AB|}{|DE|} = \frac{|AC|}{|DF|}$.

This can be done by inspection, or by using cross-multiplication.

Solving Similar Triangles

Example

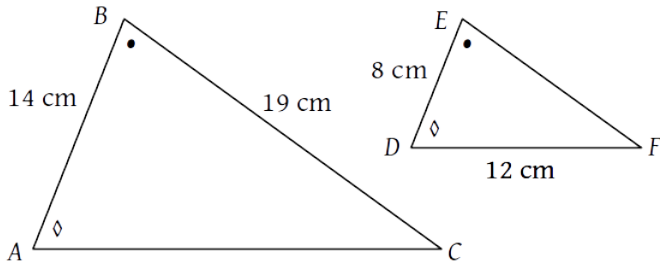
$\triangle ABC \sim \triangle DEF$. Determine $|AC|$ and $|EF|$.



Solving Similar Triangles

Example

$\triangle ABC \sim \triangle DEF$. Determine $|AC|$ and $|EF|$.



Since we know the values of the corresponding sides AB and DE , we can use their ratio to create proportions involving the unknown sides.

Solving Similar Triangles

AC corresponds to DF , whose value is known.

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Solving Similar Triangles

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$$|AC| = 21$$

Solving Similar Triangles

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Solving Similar Triangles

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Solving Similar Triangles

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Solving Similar Triangles

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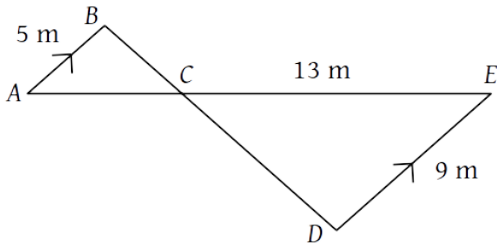
$$14|EF| = 152$$

$$|EF| = \frac{76}{7}$$

Solving Similar Triangles

Example

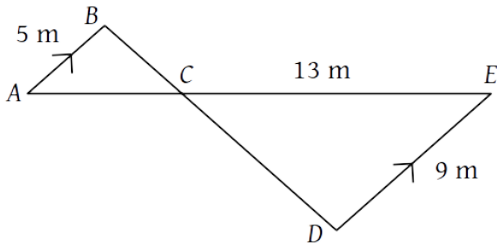
Determine $|AE|$.



Solving Similar Triangles

Example

Determine $|AE|$.



Since $|AE| = |AC| + |CE|$, we can find $|AC|$ and add it to $|CE|$, which is known.

Solving Similar Triangles

AB corresponds with DE , while AC corresponds with CE .

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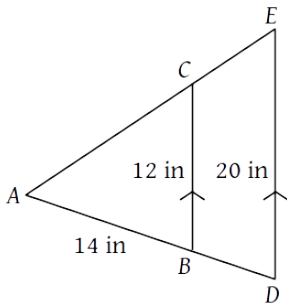
$$|AC| = \frac{65}{9}$$

Therefore, $|AE| = 13 + \frac{65}{9} = \frac{182}{9}$ m.

Solving Similar Triangles

Example

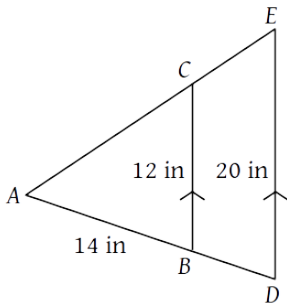
Determine $|BD|$.



Solving Similar Triangles

Example

Determine $|BD|$.



Since BD is part of a trapezoid rather than a triangle, we cannot use it directly in a proportion.

Solving Similar Triangles

Since $|BD| = |AD| - |AB|$, we can first find $|AD|$ and subtract $|AB|$, which is known.

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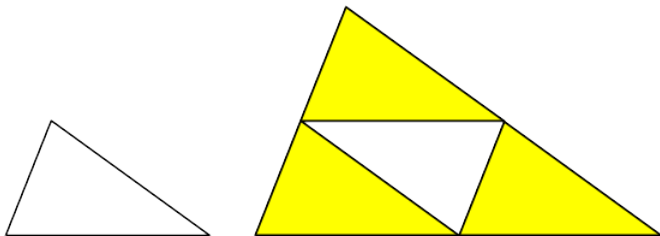
Therefore, $|BD| = \frac{70}{3} - 14 = \frac{28}{3}$ in.

Areas of Similar Triangles

What happens to the area of a triangle when its dimensions are doubled?

Areas of Similar Triangles

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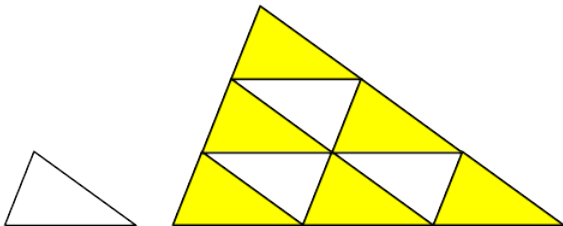
When the dimensions are doubled, the area is quadrupled.

Areas of Similar Triangles

What happens to the area of a triangle when its dimensions are tripled?

Areas of Similar Triangles

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When the dimensions are tripled, the area increases by a factor of nine.

Areas of Similar Triangles

In general, a triangle whose dimensions are enlarged by a factor of k will have an area k^2 times greater.

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 $\text{Area}_{ABC} = k^2 \cdot \text{Area}_{DEF}$.

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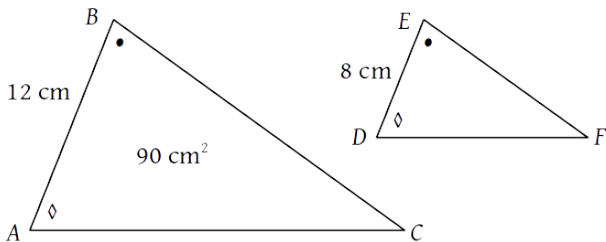
If $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle DEF$, and if $|AB| = k|DE|$, then
 $\text{Area}_{ABC} = k^2 \cdot \text{Area}_{DEF}$.

Any ratio of corresponding sides can be used, so choose the one that is easiest to work with.

Areas of Similar Triangles

Example

$\triangle ABC \sim \triangle DEF$. Determine Area_{DEF} .



Areas of Similar Triangles

Determine the scale factor, k , of $\triangle DEF$.

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The area of $\triangle DEF$ will be $k^2 = \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^2 = \frac{4}{9}$ the size of $\triangle ABC$.

Areas of Similar Triangles

Determine the scale factor, k , of $\triangle DEF$.

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The area of $\triangle DEF$ will be $k^2 = \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^2 = \frac{4}{9}$ the size of $\triangle ABC$.

Therefore, the area of $\triangle DEF$ is $90 \times \frac{4}{9} = 40 \text{ cm}^2$.

Questions?

